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ERRATA

Erratum: "Finite-size scaling of helix-coil transitions in poly-alanine studied by multicanonical simulations" [J. Chem. Phys. 110, 1267 (1999)]

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While our article, "Finite-size scaling of helix-coil transitions in poly-alanine studied by multicanonical simulations," was in print, one of us (U.H.) has performed additional multicanonical poly-alanine simulations, increasing the total number of Monte Carlo sweeps to 400 000, 500 000, 1 000 000, and 3 000 000 sweeps for N=10, 15, 20, and 30, respectively. Here, N is the length of the poly-alanine chain. Taking the increased statistics into account and defining the susceptibility χ_N instead of Eq. (11) by

$$\chi_N(T) = \frac{1}{N} \left(\langle q^2 \rangle_T - \langle q \rangle_T^2 \right), \tag{1}$$

we have to replace Table IV by the following:

TABLE IV. Maximum of specific heat C_{\max} and susceptibility χ_{\max} together with the width of the peak of the specific heat Γ_C and the width of the peak of the susceptibility Γ_V for various chain lengths.

N	T_c	$C_{ m max}$	Γ_C	$\chi_{ m max}$	Γ_{χ}
10	427(7)	8.9(3)	160(7)	0.49(2)	140(7)
15	492(5)	12.3(4)	119(5)	0.72(3)	110(5)
20	508(5)	16.0(8)	88(5)	1.08(3)	78(5)
30	518(7)	22.8(1.2)	58(4)	1.50(8)	56(3)

Using the scaling relations Eqs. (16)–(19), our improved results now lead to the following critical exponents (as defined in the article):

$$\nu = 1.0(1), \quad \alpha = 0.9(1), \quad \text{and} \quad \gamma = 1.1(1).$$
 (2)

A more detailed discussion of these exponents and the hyperscaling relation between them will be included in a forthcoming article [N. Alves and U. H. E. Hansmann, "Partition function zeros and finite size scaling of helix—coil transitions in polypeptides" (submitted)].

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