

Abkhaz Text (5)
—The Boy Brought Up by a Bull—

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(78) [A]-aḥ j-č'ṣ d-axⁱ-ná-l-ga-z bəžⁱ-wáda-k'
the-king him-to him-where-Prev(there)-she-take-Past.Ind.N.F 7-room-Ind
rṣ-š^w ø-aa-rt'-nṣ naq' d-na-j-g^wa-nṣ
their-door [it]-Prev-open-Abs there he-Prev(there)-him-push-Abs
də-j^wná-j-k'ə-jt'.
him-Prev-he-lock in-(Aor)-Fin

When she (the old woman) took him (the boy) to where the king was, the king opened the doors of seven rooms, and pushed him in there and locked him in.

(79) Wáž^w wa də-j^wna-xá-jt' á-č'ⁱk'^wən,
now there he-Prev-fall into-(Aor)-Fin the-boy
jṣ-q'a-j-c'a-wa-j?
Rel-Prev-he-do-Dyn-what

Now that the boy was down there, what on earth could he do?

(80) Jṣ-c^w naxⁱx'ṣj á-psara
his-bull in the distance over there the-fir grove
jṣ-c'a-xa-jt', də-z-la-cá-z,
it-Prev(under)-find oneself-(Aor)-Fin he-Rel-with-go-Past.Ind.N.F
d-axⁱ-cá-z, də-z-gá-z ḥ^wa ak'ag'ṣ
he-where-go-Past.Ind.N.F him-Rel-take-Past.Ind.N.F SP nothing
jṣ-z-dér-za-wa-m.

he-Pot-know-Emph-Dyn-Neg

His bull was far away in a distant fir grove. The bull knew nothing about how the boy had gone, where he had gone, or who had taken him away.

(81) A-lada a-h^{wá}-jt', á-j^{wá}da a-h^{wá}-jt',
 down it-say-(Aor)-Fin upward it-say-(Aor)-Fin
anáxⁱ a-h^{wá}-jt', aráxⁱ a-h^{wá}-jt',
 there it-say-(Aor)-Fin here it-say-(Aor)-Fin
a-t'^{wá}la a-c^{wá} ø-a-x-ná-xø-jt',
 the-world the-skin [it]-it-Prev-it-take off-(Aor)-Fin
axá á-c^w á-č'^{ik}'wən d-axⁱ-cá-z ø-a-ba-wá-m, jə-š'ⁱta
 but the-bull the-boy he-where-go-Past.Ind.N.F [it]-it-see-Dyn-Neg his-footprint
ø-a-ba-wá-m, d-ax-a-gá alláh jə-dér-p'.
 [it]-it-see-Dyn-Neg him-where-it-take.Aor.N.F Allah [it]-he-know-Fut.I
 The bull looked around everywhere, here and there, high and low. He looked all
 over the world. But the bull didn't know where the boy had gone. He couldn't find
 any of the boy's footprints. Only Allah knew where the boy had been taken.

(82) Aréj á-č'^{ik}'wən á-bžⁱ-wáda-k' d-axⁱə-j^{wá}ná-r-k'ə-z
 this the-boy the-7-room-Ind him-where-Prev-they-lock in-Past.Ind.N.F
ak'rə-j-č'ⁱá-r-c'a-wa-n, á-mla
 something-him-Prev-they-feed-Dyn-Impf the-hunger
d-a-də-r-k'-wá-mə-zt', axá jə-z-x^{wá}arta-w-zaj,
 him-it-they-Caus-catch-Dyn-Neg-Impf but it-Rel-help-Stat.N.F-what
jə-c^w x'ⁱáá-s ø-j-k'ə-jt', jə-c^w a-dórra
 his-bull pain-as [it]-he-catch-(Aor)-Fin (= he worried) his-bull the-knowledge
ø-á-j-ta-r ø-j-tax-xá-jt', axá jə-zlá-j-ta-wa-j ?
 [it]-to it-he-give-Subjunctive [it]-he-wish to-(Aor)-Fin but it-how-he-give-Dyn-Qu
 They locked the boy up in the seven rooms, they gave him food, they were careful
 not to let him die of hunger. But what was the use of that? The boy was worried
 about the bull. He wanted to tell the bull about himself, but how could he tell him?

(83) D-xérk^wak^wa-wa wəs də-š-t'^{wá}-z ak'^wə-m-k'^{wá}
 he-grieve-Abs thus he-how-be sitting-Past.Stat.N.F be-Neg-Abs
q'^wráan-k' pər-nə j-áá-j-n a-pénž'ər a-č'ⁱə
 crow-one [it]-fly-Abs it-Prev-come here-Past.Ind the-window it-at
j-áa-k^w-t'^{wá}-jt'.
 it-Par-Prev(on)-sit down-(Aor)-Fin
 He was feeling very sad and when he sat down, just at that moment a crow flew in

and sat down on the windowsill.

(84) *A-q'w'ráan a-pénž'ér j-an-áa-[a]-k^w-t'wa,* *á-č'ík'wən*

the-crow the-window it-when-Par-[it]-Prev(on)-sit down.(Aor.N.F) the-boy

d-xérk^wak^wa-wa, d-c'wəwa-wa, də-š-t'wá-z

he-grieve-Abs he-cry-Abs he-how-be sitting-Past.Stat.N.F

ø-an-a-bá, "j-wə-xⁱ-zaj wará,

[it]-when-it-see.(Aor.N.F) Rel-you-happen-(Aor)-what you.M

w-zə-r-c'wəwa-wa-j ?" h^wa j-á-z-c'aa-jt'.

you-Rel-Caus-cry-Dyn-what SP [it]-him-it-Prev-ask-(Aor)-Fin

When the crow stopped on the windowsill, it saw the boy feeling very sad and sitting there crying, and asked him, “What is the matter with you? What causes you to cry?”

(85) — *Sə-zə-r-c'wəwa-wa wəbrəj [a]-á-wp', abrájgⁱ, abrájgⁱ*

me-Rel-Caus-cry-Dyn.N.F that [it]-be-Stat.Pres.Fin such and such

á-psta g^wáj^wa-č'ə x'á c'la dəw-k' sə-k^w-t'wa-n,

the-valley deep-in chestnut tree big-one I-Prev(on)-sit-Stat.Past.Fin

s-č'ərp'ón wəbrá á-x'á c'la jə-k^w-xa-jt',

my-flute there the-chestnut tree it-Prev(on)-remain alone-(Aor)-Fin

j-sə-ma-zar s-taxə-n, s-g^wə

it-I-have-Subjunctive [it]-I-want-Stat.Past.Fin my-heart

ø-a-la-sə-r-č'əγⁱ-wa-mə-zt'.

[it]-it-with-I-Caus-be bored-Dyn-Neg-Impf

“This is why I’m crying. Deep in a valley somewhere, I was sitting on the top of a big chestnut tree. I left my flute at the top of that chestnut tree. If I had the flute, I wouldn’t feel bored here.”

(86) *Aráxj s-ax'ə-na-pš-wa ad^wax'ə awaá ø-z-ba-wá-jt',*

here I-where-Prev(there)-look-Dyn.N.F outside people [them]-I-see-Dyn-Fin

axá awaá-j sará-j h-aj-c^wáz^wa-r ø-q'a-la-wá-m,

but people-and I-and we-one another-talk with-if [it]-Prev-be possible-Dyn-Neg

[á]-ah s-á-w-jə-š'it-wa-m, abás s-g^wáq'-wa abrá

the-king me-Dummy-Prev-he-release-Dyn-Neg so I-suffer-Abs here

sə-j^wna-xa-jt', — ø-j-h^wá-jt'.

I-Prev-fall into-(Aor)-Fin [it]-he-say-(Aor)-Fin

“When I looked over there, I saw people, but we couldn’t talk with each other. The king would not let me go. And I felt sad, and ended up in here,” he said.

(87) — *Wəs ák’w-zar*; *wə-č’ərp’ən sa jə-w-z-aa-z-ga-wá-jt’*,
 if so your-flute I it-you-for-Prev-I-bring-Dyn-Fin
 — *ø-a-ħ^wá-n*, *a-č’ə-na-na-xa-n* *j-cá-n* *a-xapəc*
 [it]-it-say-Past.Ind its-SV-Prev-it-set out-Past.Ind it-go-Past.Ind the-tooth
jə-bž’á-k’-nə *j-á-ma-nə* *j-áá-j-t’*.

it-Prev(between)-hold-Abs it-it-have-Abs it-Prev(here)-come-(Aor)-Fin

“If that is the case, I will bring your flute to you here,” said the crow, and flew away. And then the crow brought the flute back, holding it in its beak.

(88) *J-á-ma-n* *j-áá-j-n*, *a-pénž’ər*
 it-it-have-Past.Fin it-Prev-come-Past.Ind the-window
j-ø-k’ələ-rš^w-nə *á-č’jk’wən* *d-ax’ə-j^wna-k’ə-z*
 it-[it]-Prev(through)-throw-Abs the-boy he-where-Prev-be locked in-Stat.Past.N.F
ø-j-ná-ta-jt’.

[it]-him-it-give-(Aor)-Fin

The crow carried the flute and, throwing it into the place where the boy was locked up, he gave it to him.

(89) *A-č’jk’wən znək’* *jə-č’ərp’ən ø-an-jə-mpəx’á-š^wa-g^wəš’á*,
 the-boy as soon as his-flute [it]-when-he-Prev-find-(Aor.N.F)-at last
a-pénž’ər *d-k’əla-t’^wa-nə* *a-rh^wa-rá* *d-á-la-ga-jt’*.

the-window he-Prev-sit-Abs the-play-masd he-it-Prev-begin-(Aor)-Fin

The boy found his flute and, sitting on the windowsill, started to play it.

(90) *Waž^w* *jə-c^w* *ø-aa-ga-r-á-wp’*
 now his-bull [it]-Prev-bring-must-be-Stat.Pres.Fin
d-zə-rg^wáq’-wa, *wəmbawá!*

him-Rel-worry-Dyn.N.F indeed

The bull that indeed must have been worrying about him would surely be brought here now.

(91) *A-č’ərp’ən a-bž’ə* *ø-an-r-a-há*, *aná j á-psara-č’ə*
 the-flute its-voice [it]-when-them-to-hear.(Aor.N.F) that the-fir grove-at

j-š-ájza-wa-z *ajpš, gəgš^wəg-s, psaát^wə-s jə-q'a-z*
 they-how-gather-Dyn-Impf.N.F like wild animal-as bird-as Rel-be-Stat.Past.N.F
zeg^š ø-ajzá-jt', arəj [á]-aħ j-g^wára ø-t^wə-jt'.
 all [they]-gather-(Aor)-Fin this the-king his-residence [it]-be filled-(Aor)-Fin
 When they heard the sound of the flute, all of the animals and birds that had come
 together in the fir grove gathered together and assembled at the king's residence.

(92) *A-č'arp'ón a-bž'š á-c^w-g'ə j-[a]-a-ħá-jt'.*
 the-flute its-voice the-bull-also it-it-to-hear-(Aor)-Fin
 The bull also heard the sound of the flute.

(93) *A-č'arp'ón a-bž'š á-c^w j-an-[a]-a-ħá,*
 the-flute its-voice the-bull it-when-[it]-to-hear.(Aor.N.F)
aq^wákh^wa j-la-tré-s-nə jə-j^w-nə jə-k^wk^wa3á
 with a bump it-Par-Prev-break away-Abs it-run-Abs it-full tilt
a-č'-áa-na-xa-jt'.
 its-SV-Par-it-set out-(Aor)-Fin

When the bull heard the sound of the flute, he made a loud bumping noise, stood
 up quickly, and ran off at a full tilt.

(94) *J-š-aá-j-wa-z á-š^w-k^wa j-la-rə-sə-n,*
 it-how-Prev(here)-come-Dyn-Impf.N.F the-door-Pl it-Par-them-hit-Past.Ind
pšⁱ-ba znək' á-la jə-p-na-čš-jt', dačá
 4-Non.Hum one time it-with them-Prev-it-break-(Aor)-Fin still more
x-pa ø-n-xá-jt', a-c^w á-z-t^wəj^wa-k'
 3-Non.Hum [they]-Prev-remain-(Aor)-Fin the-bull its-one part of a pair-horn-one
ø-x-ž^wá-jt'.
 [it]-Prev-be broken-(Aor)-Fin

The bull arrived, opened the door, and broke down each of the four doors one by
 one. Three of the doors still remained. One of the bull's horns was broken.

(95) *Axá j-aanə-m-č'as-k^wa j-áan-xa-z á-š^w-k^wa-g'ə*
 but it-Prev-Neg-stop-Abs Rel-Prev-remain-Past.Ind.N.F the-door-Pl-also
j-á-xa-wa, j-á-g^wa-wa, jə-p-na-čš-n,
 it-it-pull-Abs it-it-push-Abs them-Prev-it-break-Past.Ind

j-nə-j^wna-šóla-n, *a-č'jk'^wən a-q'^wáq'^wa d-j^wš-k^w-t'^wa-n,*
 it-Par-Prev-go into-Past.Ind the-boy the-back he-Par-Prev(on)-sit-Past.Ind
jə-j^w-d^wšl-pa-n *j-cá-jt'.*
 it-Par-Prev(out)-rush-Past.Ind it-go-(Aor)-Fin
 But the bull did not give up. He broke down the remaining doors, pushed through them and ripped them up. And when he got through, he put the boy up on his back and rushed from there.

(96) *Axá jálawxəj, a-c^w a-xə ø-axⁱ-k'éd-na-q'ja-z*
 but what of it? the-bull the-head [it]-where-Prev-it-strike-Past.Ind.N.F
eg'əjz a-xbəl^wəššə ø-c'əsə-jt'.
 and so on its-brain [it]-swing-(Aor)-Fin
 But, somehow the bull had struck his head and his brain was badly damaged.

(97) *A-č'jk'^wən d-á-ma á-psta-č'ə j-axⁱ-ná-j-z,*
 the-boy him-it-have.Abs the-valley-in it-where-Prev(there)-go-Past.Ind.N.F
adəj^wá^gj á-c'la dš-k^w-na-c'a-jt'.
 again the-tree him-Prev(on)-it-put-(Aor)-Fin
 The bull took the boy along with him and when they entered the valley, the bull put him up on top of the tree.

(98) — *W-lš-m-baa-n h^wa ø-w-a-sə-m-h^wá-zə-j,*
 you-Prev-Neg-descend-IMP SP [it]-you-to-I-Neg-say-Past.Ind.N.F-Qu
w-zš-l-baa-zə-j? *wə-x^wna-nš w-təp a-č'š*
 you-why-Prev-descend-Past.Ind.N.F-Qu you-climb-Abs your-place it-at
wš-k^w-t'^wa, sa s-m-aá-k'^wa w-lš-m-baa-n,
 you-Prev(on)-sit down.IMP I I-Neg-come here-Abs you-Prev-Neg-descend-IMP
 — *h^wa wəs ø-j-á-na-h^wa-jt'.*
 SP thus [it]-him-to-it-say-(Aor)-Fin

The bull said to him, “Don’t fall down from the tree! Didn’t I tell you that? Why did you climb down? Climb the tree and sit in your spot. Don’t climb down from the tree until I come back!”

(99) *Znək', j^wənt'^w j-cá-jt', á-č'jk'^wən j-x^wš ø-aa-na-gá-jt',*
 once twice it-go-(Aor)-Fin the-boy his-food [it]-Prev-it-bring-(Aor)-Fin

axá a-xó ø-bž'š-m-s-x'á-a-zə-j, čnak'
 but the-head [it]-Prev-Neg-be broken-Pluperf-N.F-Qu one day
j-ax'š-j^w-tə-c'ə-z, a-c^w ø-ta-xá-jt', k'^wára-k'
 it-where-Par-Prev-go out-Past.Ind.N.F the-bull [it]-Prev-die-(Aor)-Fin stream-Ind
a-č'š jə-š-ná-j-wa-z a-blaxác' g'áž'š-n, abnój
 it-at it-how-Prev-come-Dyn-Imperf.N.F its-feel dizzy-Past.Ind that
a-k'^wára j-ø-tá-ħa-n, wáħa
 the-stream it-[it]-Prev(in)-fall-Past.Ind more
jə-z-tš-m-c'-za-jt', wa j-ta-xá-jt'.
 it-Pot-Prev(out of)-Neg-go-Emph-(Aor)-Fin there it-Prev-die-(Aor)-Fin
 The bull went away once, then twice, and brought some food back to the boy. But, the bull's head was broken, wasn't it? Then once, when the bull went out, it ended up dying. The bull had come to a small stream and, feeling dizzy, he fell into the stream and was unable to climb out. He ended up dying there.

(100) *A-č'jk'^wən á-c'la d-ax'š-ø-k^w-t'^wa-z á-mla*
 the-boy the-tree he-where-[it]-Prev(on)-sit-Stat.Past.N.F the-hunger
d-a-k'ə-jt', də-pšš-jt', də-pšš-jt',
 him-it-catch-(Aor)-Fin (= he became hungry) he-wait-(Aor)-Fin
axá jə-c^w ø-j-ba-wá-m, aráx^j eg^j-aá-j-wa-m,
 but his-bull [it]-he-see-Dyn-Neg here anything-Prev(here)-come-Dyn-Neg
a-xó ø-ax^j-a-rxá-z ø-jə-z-dér-za-wa-m.
 the-head [it]-where-it-turn-Past.Ind.N.F [it]-him-Pot-know-Emph-Dyn-Neg
 When the boy sat up on the top of tree, he felt hungry. He waited and waited. However, he couldn't see his bull, and no one else would come, would they? The boy didn't know where the bull had gone off to.

(101) *A-č'arp'ən ø-a-jə-rħ^wa-wá d-á-la-ga-jt', axá*
 the-flute [it]-Dummy-he-play-Abs he-it-Prev-begin-(Aor)-Fin but
j-abá-q'a-w, jə-c^w š-q'a-za-m.
 it-where-be-Stat.Pres.N.F his-bull it-be-Emph-Neg
 He started to play his flute. But where was his bull? His bull was nowhere to be found.

(102) *A-lah^{wa} ø-axⁱš-k^w-t^wa-z* *wəs ø-a-ħ^wá-jt'*:
 the-raven [it]-where-Prev(on)-sit down-Past.Ind.N.F thus [it]-it-say-(Aor)-Fin
 — *Wará, wará wə-z-aažá-z* *wš-c^w a-k^wára*
 you you you-Rel-bring up-Past.Ind.N.F your-bull the-stream
j-ø-tá-ħa-n *jə-psš-jt'*.
 it-[it]-Prev(in)-fall-Past.Ind it-die-(Aor)-Fin
 A raven stopped on the tree and said, “The bull that brought you up, your bull, has fallen into a stream and died.

(103) *J-axⁱə-psš-z-gⁱə* *abrəjgⁱ, abrəjgⁱ a-təp a-č'-a-wp'*.
 it-where-die-Past.Ind.N.F-also such and such the-place it-in/at-be-Stat.Pres.Fin
 The place where it died is over there in such and such a place.”

(104) *A-čⁱk^wən j-qⁱá-j-cⁱa-g^wššⁱa-wa-jəz,* *tənxá-s*
 the-boy Rel-Prev-he-do-Suffix-Dyn-what close relative-as
jš-ma-z *jš-c^w [a]-ák^wə-n,* *wáħa, xəx^j á-ž^{wj}an,*
 Rel-[he]-have-Stat.Past.N.F his-bull [it]-be-Stat.Past.Fin more above the-sky
cⁱáqⁱa á-dgⁱəl, *d-zə-k^w-g^wššⁱγ-wa* *ħ^wa akⁱagⁱš*
 under the-ground he-Rel-Prev-rely on-Dyn.N.F SP nothing
ø-jš-ma-za-mə-zt'.
 [it]-he-have-Emph-Neg-Stat.Past.Fin
 What on earth could the poor boy do? The bull was his only close relative. There was no one he could rely on in Heaven or on Earth.

(105) *Jš-c^w j-ta-ħá-z,* *j-axⁱ-ta-xá-z*
 his-bull Rel-Prev(in)-fall-Past.Ind.N.F it-where/that-Prev-die-Past.Ind.N.F
á-lah^{wa} j-an-j-á-na-ħ^wa, *á-cⁱla d-zə-k^w-t^wá-z*
 the-raven it-when-him-to-it-say.(Aor.N.F) the-tree he-Rel-Prev(on)-sit-Stat.Past.N.F
d-lá-l-baa-n, *j-čⁱš-na-j-xa-n,* *jš-c^w*
 he-Par-Prev-descend-Past.Ind his-SV-Prev-he-set out-Past.Ind his-bull
axⁱ-ta-xá-z *[j]-jə-pšaaá-jt'*.
 [it]-where-Prev-die-Past.Ind.N.F [it]-he-find-(Aor)-Fin
 When the raven told him that the bull had fallen into the stream and died, the boy rushed down from the tree and ran off. He found the place where the bull had died.

(106) *Wáha j-xó* *ø-ax'ó-j-ga-wa-z* *ø-anə-j-má-w,*
 more his-head [it]-where-he-take-Dyn-Impf.N.F [it]-when-he-have-Stat.Pres.N.F
a-c^w *a-mg^wac^wá* *ø-aa-jə-rq'ⁱá-n,* *xó-la* *a-c^w* *a-mg^wac^wá*
 the-bull its-belly [it]-Par-he-cut-Past.Ind head-with the-bull its-belly
də-l-ø-tá-la-n, *jar-g'ó wa* *a-c^w* *a-mg^wac^wa*
 he-Par-[it]-Prev(into)-go-Past.Ind he-also there the-bull its-belly
də-l-ø-ta-psó *d-cá-jt'.*

he-Par-[it]-Prev(inside)-die.(Abs.Past) he-go-(Aor)-Fin

As he didn't know any longer what to do with himself, he cut the bull's belly and climbed into the bull's belly headfirst, and he ended up dying there as well, inside the bull's belly.

(107) *[A]-anpsa* *“bzója”* *l-papsá* *“d-šó-l-aaʒa-z”*
 the-stepmother good her-stepson him-how-she-bring up-Past.Ind.N.F
abás *[a]-á-wp'.*

in this way [it]-be-Stat.Pres.Fin

This is the way that a “good” stepmother “raised” her stepson.

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Notes

- (78) 1. *d-axⁱ-ná-l-ga-z* (him(C1)-where(there)-Prev-she(C3)-take-Past.Ind.N.F): masd. *a-ná-ga-ra* [tr.] “to take s.o. there”. 2. *ø-aa-rt'-nə* (it(C1)-Prev-open-Abs): masd. *áa-rt'-ra* [tr.] “to open”. 3. *d-na-j-g^wa-nó* (he(=the king, C1)-Prev-him(C2)-push-Abs): masd. *a-ná-g^wa-ra* [intr.] “to push s.o. in there”. 4. *də-j^wná-j-k'ə-ø-jt'* (him(C1)-Prev-he(=the king, C3)-lock in-(Aor)-Fin): masd. *a-j^wna-k'-rá* [tr.] “to lock s.o. in”.
- (79) 1. *də-j^wna-xá-ø-jt'* (he-Prev-fall into-(Aor)-Fin): masd. *a-j^wna-xa-rá* [intr.] “to fall into”. 2. *jó-q' a-j-c' a-wa-j* (Rel(C1)-Prev-he(C3)-do-Dyn-what): masd. *á-q' a-c' a-ra* [tr.] “to do”.
- (80) 1. *jó-c' a-xa-jt'* (it(=the bull, C1)-Prev(under)-find oneself-(Aor)-Fin): masd. *á-c' a-xa-ra* [intr.]

- “to find oneself under”. 2. *də-z-la-cá-z* (he(C1)-Rel(C2)-with-go-Past.Ind.N.F) “how he went”: masd. *a-ca-rá* [intr.] “to go”. 3. *d-axⁱ-cá-z* (he(C1)-where-go-Past.Ind.N.F) “where he went/had gone”. 4. *də-z-gá-z* (him(C1)-Rel(C3)-take-Past.Ind.N.F) “who took him”: masd. *a-ga-rá* [tr.] “to take, carry”. 5. *jə-z-dér-za-wa-m* < \emptyset -*jə-z-dér-za-wa-m* (it(=nothing, C1)-he(C2)-Pot-know-Emph-Dyn-Neg) “he knows nothing”: masd. *a-dér-ra* [tr.] “to know”.
- (81) 1. *á-lada a-h^wá-jtⁱ, á-j^wada a-h^wá-jtⁱ* “it (the bull) searched up and down (for the boy).” *anáxⁱ a-h^wá-jtⁱ, aráxⁱ a-h^wá-jtⁱ* “it searched here, there, and everywhere.” 2. *a-t^wóla a-c^wá \emptyset -a-x-ná-xə-jtⁱ* lit. “it (the bull) removed the skin from the world”, i.e. “the bull searched all over the world (for the boy)”. *\emptyset -a-x-ná-xə-jtⁱ* (it(=the skin, C1)-it(=the world, C2)-Prev-it(=the bull, C3)-remove-(Aor)-Fin): masd. *a-xə-x-ra* [tr.] “to remove”. 3. *d-axⁱ-cá-z \emptyset -a-ba-wá-m* (it(C1)-it(=the bull, C3)-see-Dyn-Neg) lit. “it (the bull) doesn’t see it (= where the boy went)”, i.e. “the bull doesn’t know where the boy went.” masd. *a-ba-rá* [tr.] “to see”. 4. *d-ax-a-gá = d-axⁱ-a-gá* (him(C1)-where-it(C3)-take. Aor.N.F). For the prefix *-ax-*, see Note (23-3). 5. *jə-dér-pⁱ < jə-j-dér-pⁱ* (it(C1)-he(=Allah, C3)-know-Fut.I) “Allah will know it”.
- (82) 1. *d-ax^b-j^wná-r-k^wə-z* (him(C1)-where-Prev-they(C3)-lock in-Past.Ind.N.F), see Note (78-4). 2. *ak^wrá-j-č^wá-r-c^wa-wa-n* (something-him(C2)-Prev-they(C3)-feed-Dyn-Impf) “they gave him some food to eat”. masd. *a-k^wrá-č^wa-r-c^wa-rá* [tr.] “to feed”. 3. *d-a-də-r-k^w-wá-mə-ztⁱ* (him(C1)-it(=hunger, C2)-they(C3)-Caus-catch-Dyn-Neg-Impf) lit. “they didn’t use to make hunger catch him”, i.e. “they didn’t cause him to die of hunger”. masd. *a-k^w-rá* [tr.] “to catch”. Cf. *á-mla s-a-k^w-wá-jtⁱ* “I am hungry”. 4. *jə-z-x^wárta-w-zaj* “it is good for nothing”, cf. *a-x^wárta* “help”, “useful”. 5. *x^wáá-s j-k^wš-jtⁱ < jə-j-k^wš- \emptyset -jtⁱ* (it(=the bull, C1)-he(C3)-catch-(Aor)-Fin) “he worried about the bull”. Cf. *x^wáá-s jə-s-k^wš-wpⁱ* “I am anxious about it”. 6. *á-j-ta-r < [j]-á-j-ta-r* ([it(=the knowledge, C1)]-to it(=the bull, C2)-he(C3)-give-Subjunctive): masd. *á-ta-ra* [tr.] “to give”. 7. *j-tax-xá-jtⁱ < [jə]-j-tax-xá- \emptyset -jtⁱ* ([it(C1)]-he(C2)-wish to-(Aor)-Fin): masd. *a-tax-xa-rá* [inverse, intr.] “to wish for”. 8. *jə-zlá-j-ta-wa-j* (it(C1)-how-he(C3)-give-Dyn-Qu) “How will he give it?”
- (83) 1. *d-xérk^wak^wa-wa* (he(C1)-grieve-Abs): masd. *a-xérk^wak^wa* [intr.] “to grieve”. 2. *də-š-t^wá-z* (he(C1)-how-be sitting-Past.Stat.N.F) “when he was sitting”: masd. *a-t^wa-rá* [intr.] “to be sitting”. 3. *wəs ak^wwə-m-k^wa* “at the time”. 4. *pər-nə < [j]-pər-nə* ([it(C1)]-fly-Abs) “having flown”: masd. *á-pər-ra* [intr.] “to fly”. 5. *j-áá-j-n* (it(C1)-Prev-come here-Past.Ind): masd. *áá-j-ra* [intr.] “to come here”. 6. *j-áa-k^w-t^wa-jtⁱ* (it(=a crow, C1)-Par-Prev(on)-sit down-(Aor)-Fin): masd. *á-k^w-t^wa-ra* [intr.] “to sit down on”.
- (84) 1. *j-an-áa-[a]-k^w-t^wa* (it(=the crow, C1)-when-Par-it(=the window, C2)-Prev(on)-sit down. Aor.N.F) lit. “when the crow sat down on the window”. 2. *d-c^wówa-wa* lit. “he, crying”: masd. *a-c^wówa-ra* [intr.] “to cry”. 3. *də-š-t^wá-z* (he-how-be sitting-Past.Stat.N.F) “how he was sitting”: masd. *a-t^wa-rá* [intr.] “to be sitting”. 4. *\emptyset -an-a-bá < [j]-an-a-bá* ([it(C1)]-when-it(=the crow, C3)-see.Aor.N.F): masd. *a-ba-rá* [tr.] “to see”. 5. *j-wš-xⁱ-zaj* (Rel(C1)-you(C2)-happen-(Aor)-what) “What happened to you?”: masd. *á-xⁱ-ra* [intr.] “to happen to”. 6. *w-zə-r-c^wówa-wa-j* (you(C1)-Rel(C3)-Caus-cry-Dyn-what) “What is making you cry?”: 7. *j-á-z-c^waa-jtⁱ < [j]-j-á-z-c^waa-jtⁱ* ([it(=the crow, C1)]-him(C2)-it-Prev-ask-(Aor)-Fin) “the crow asked him about it”: masd. *a-z-c^waa-rá* [intr.] “to ask”.
- (85) 1. *sə-zə-r-c^wówa-wa* (me(C1)-Rel(C3)-Caus-cry-Dyn.N.F) “the one who makes me cry”: masd.

- a-r-c'*ʷəwa-*ra* [tr.] “to make s.o. cry”. 2. [*a*]-*a-wp'* ([it(C2)]-copula-Stat.Pres.N.F) “X is it”. See Notes (4)-1, (14)-5 and (23)-2. 3. *sə-k*ʷ-*t'*ʷa-*n* < *sə-θ-k*ʷ-*t'*ʷa-*n* (I(C1)-it(=a chestnut tree, C2)-Prev(on)-sit-Stat.Past.Fin) “I was sitting on the top of a chestnut tree.”: masd. *á-k*ʷ-*t'*ʷa-*zaa-ra* [intr.] “to sit on”. 4. *jə-k*ʷ-*xa-jt'* < *jə-θ-k*ʷ-*xa-jt'* (it(=my-flute, C1)-it(=the chestnut tree, C2)-Prev(on)-remain alone-(Aor)-Fin) “my flute has remained on the chestnut tree.”: masd. *á-k*ʷ-*xa-ra* [intr.] “to remain alone”. 5. *j-sə-ma-zar* (it(C1)-I(C2)-have-Subjunctive) “if I had had it”: masd. *á-ma-zaa-ra* [intr.] “to have”. 6. *s-taxə-n* < *jə-s-taxə-n* (it(C1)-I(C2)-want-Stat.Past.Fin) “I wanted it”: masd. *a-taxə-zaa-ra* [intr.] “to want”. 7. *a-la-sə-r-č'*əy^l-*wa-mə-zt'* < *j-a-la-sə-r-č'*əy^l-*wa-mə-zt'* (it(=my heart, C1)-it(=my flute, C2)-with-I(C3)-Caus-be bored-Dyn-Neg-Impf) lit. “I would not have bored my heart with my flute”, i.e. “my flute would not have bored me”: masd. *a-rč'*əy^l-*ra* [tr.] “to bore”. Cf. *s-g*ʷə *č'*əy^l-*wa-jt'* “I am bored”. The imperfect tense expresses the past subjunctive in an apodosis.
- (86) 1. *s-ax'ə-na-pš-wa*: masd. *á-na-pš-ra* [intr.] “to look there”. 2. *h-aj-c*ʷəž^w*a-r*: masd. *áj-c*ʷəž^w*a-ra* [intr.] “to talk with each other”. 3. *q'a-la-wá-m*: masd. *á-q'a-la-ra* [intr.] “to be possible”. Cf. *b-cá-r q'a-lo-wá-m* “it is impossible for you to go”. 4. *s-á-w-jə-š't-wa-m* (me(C1)-Dummy-Prev-he(C3)-release-Dyn-Neg) “he will not release me”: masd. *á-wə-š't-ra* [tr.] “to release”. 5. *s-g*ʷəž^w*q'-wa*: masd. *a-g*ʷəž^w*q'-ra* [intr.] “to suffer”. 6. *sə-j*ʷna-*xa-jt'*, see Note (79)-1.
- (87) 1. *jə-w-z-aa-z-ga-wá-jt'* (it(C1)-you(C2)-for-Prev-I(C3)-bring-Dyn-Fin) “I’ll bring it to you”: masd. *aa-ga-rá* [tr.] “to bring”. 2. *a-č'*əna-*na-xa-n* (its(Poss)-SV-Prev-it(C3)-set out-Past.Ind) “it set out and”: masd. *a-č'*əna-*na-ra* [tr.] “to set out”. 3. *jə-bž'a-k'-nə* (it(=the flute, C1)-Prev(between)-hold-Abs) “having held it between [the beaks]”: masd. *a-bž'a-k'-rá* [tr.] “to hold sth. between”. 4. *j-á-ma-nə* (it(=the flute)-it(=the crow, C2)-have-Abs) “the crow, having had it”. 5. *j-aá-j-t'* (it(C1)-Prev(her)-come-(Aor)-Fin) “it came here”: masd. *aa-j-ra* [intr.] “come here”.
- (88) 1. *j-θ-kəšlə-rš-w-nə* (it(=the flute, C1)-[it(=the window, C2)]-Prev(through)-throw-Abs) “having thrown the flute into the window”, cf. *á-rš-w-ra* [tr.] “to throw”. 2. *d-axə-j*ʷna-*k'ə-z* “where he was locked in”. For masdar see Note (78)-4. 3. *j-ná-ta-jt'* < *jə-j-ná-ta-jt'* (it(=the flute, C1)-him(C2)-it(=the crow, C3)-give-(Aor)-Fin) “the crow gave it to him”: masd. *á-ta-ra* [tr.] “to give”.
- (89) 1. [*j*]-*an-jə-mpəx'a-š*ʷa-*g*ʷəš^l*a* (it(C1)-when-he(C2)-Prev-find-(Aor.N.F)-at last) “when he found it at last”: masd. *a-mpəx'a-š*ʷa-*ra* [intr. inverse] “to find”. 2. *d-k'əla-t'*ʷa-*nə* “he, having sat on the windowsill”: masd. *a-k'əla-t'*ʷa-*ra* [intr.] “to sit in an aperture”. 3. *d-á-la-ga-jt'* (he(C1)-it(=to play, C2)-Prev-begin-(Aor)-Fin) “he began to play the flute”: masd. *á-la-ga-ra* [intr.] “to begin”.
- (90) 1. *aa-ga-r-á-wp'* < *j-aa-ga-r-á-wp'* (it(C1)-Prev-bring-must-be-Stat.Pres.Fin) “the bull must be brought”: masd. *aa-ga-rá* [tr.] “to bring”. 2. *d-zə-rg*ʷəž^w*q'-wa* (him(C1)-Rel(C3)-worry-Dyn.N.F) “the one who worries him”: masd. *a-rg*ʷəž^w*q'-ra* [tr.] “to worry”. Cf. *a-g*ʷəž^w*q'-ra* [intr.] “to suffer”.
- (91) 1. *an-r-a-há* < *j-an-r-a-há* (it(C1)-when-them(C2)-to-hear.Aor.N.F) “when they heard it”: masd. *a-ha-rá* [intr. inverse] “to hear”. 2. *j-š-ájza-wa-z* (they(C1)-how-gather-Dyn-Impf.N.F) *ajpš* “as they used to gather (at that fir grove)”: masd. *ájza-ra* [intr.] “to gather”. 3. *jə-q'a-z*: masd. *á-q'a-zaa-ra* [intr.] “to be”. *gəgš*ʷəž^w*g-s*, *psaát'*ʷə-s *jə-q'a-z zəgš* *ajzá-jt'* “all that were wild animals and birds gathered”. 4. *t*ʷš-*jt'* < *j-t*ʷš-*jt'* “it was filled”: masd. *a-t*ʷš-*rá* [intr.] “to fill”.
- (92) 1. *j-[a]-a-há-jt'* (it(=its voice, C1)-it(=the bull, C2)-to-hear-(Aor)-Fin) “the bull also heard the sound of the flute”.

- (93) 1. *j-an-[a]-a-há* (it(=its voice, C1)-when-it(=the bull, C2)-to-hear.Aor.N.F) “when the bull heard the sound of the flute”. 2. *j-la-trš-s-nə* (it(C1)-Par-Prev-break away-Abs): masd. *a-trš-s-ra* [intr.] “to break away”. 3. *jš-j^w-nə* (it(C1)-run-Abs): masd. *á-j^w-ra* [intr.] “to run”. 4. *a-č’-áa-na-xa-jt’* (its(Poss)-SV-Par-it(C3)-set out-(Aor)-Fin) “it set out”: masd. *a-č’š-na-xa-ra* [tr.] “to set out”.
- (94) 1. *j-š-aá-j-wa-z* (it(C1)-how-Prev(here)-come-Dyn-Impf.N.F) lit. “how it was coming here”. 2. *j-la-rš-sə-n* (it(=the bull, C1)-Par-them(=the doors, C2)-hit-Past.Ind) “it hit them”: masd. *á-s-ra* [intr.] “to hit”. 3. *znək’ á-la* “each time”. 4. *jə-p-na-čš-jt’* (them(C1)-Prev-it(=the bull, C3)-break-(Aor)-Fin) “it broke them”: masd. *a-p-č-rá* [tr.] “to break”. 5. *n-xá-jt’ < jə-n-xá-jt’* (they(C1)-Prev-remain-(Aor)-Fin) “they remained”: masd. *a-n-xa-rá* [intr.] “to remain”. 6. *á-z-t’wəj^wa-k’* “one of its horns”. The affix *-z-* with the suffix *-k’* is used to mark one part of a (body) pair; e.g. *lš-z-la-k’* “one of her eyes”. 7. *x-ž^wá-jt’ < jə-x-ž^wá-jt’* (it(C1)-Prev-be broken-(Aor)-Fin) “it was broken”: masd. *a-x-ž^wa-rá* [labile] “to break; to be broken”.
- (95) 1. *j-aanš-m-č’as-k’wa* (it(=the bull, C1)-Prev-Neg-stop-Abs) “it didn’t stop”: masd. *áan-č’as-ra* [intr.] “to stop; to remain”. 2. *j-áan-xa-z* (Rel(C1)-Prev-remain-Past.Ind.N.F) “(the doors) which remained”: masd. *áan-xa-ra* [intr.] “to remain”. 3. *j-á-xa-wa* (it(=the bull, C1)-it(=the door, C2)-pull-Abs) “the bull, pulling the door”: masd. *á-xa-ra* [intr.] “to pull”. 4. *j-á-g^wa-wa* (it(=the bull, C1)-it(=the door, C2)-push-Abs) “the bull, pushing the door”: masd. *á-g^wa-ra* [intr.] “to push”. 5. *jə-p-na-čš-n* (them(=the doors, C1)-Prev-it(=the bull, C3)-break-Past.Ind.Fin) “it broke them and”. 6. *j-nə-j^wna-ššla-n* (it(C1)-Par-Prev-go into-Past.Ind) “it went into and”: masd. *a-j^wna-ššla-ra* [intr.] “to go into”. 7. *d-j^wš-k^w-t’^wa-n* (he(C1)-Par-Prev(on)-sit-Past.Ind) “he got on (the bull’s back)”: masd. *á-k^w-t’^wa-ra* [intr.] “to sit down on”. 8. *jə-j^w-d^wšl-pa-n* (it(C1)-Par-Prev(out)-rush-Past.Ind) “it rushed out”: masd. *a-d^wšl-pa-ra* [intr.] “to rush out”.
- (96) 1. *[j]-axⁱ-k’šd-na-q’ⁱa-z* ([it(=the head, C1)]-where-Prev-it(=the bull, C3)-strike-Past.Ind.N.F) “the bull struck its head”: masd. *a-k’šd-q’ⁱa-ra* [tr.] “to strike”. 2. *[j]-c’əsš-jt’* ([it(=its brain, C1)]-swing-(Aor)-Fin) “it swung”: masd. *a-c’əs-rá* [intr.] “to swing; to move”.
- (97) 1. *d-á-ma* (him(C1)-it(=the bull, C2)-have.Abs) “the bull, taking him”: masd. *á-ma-zaa-ra* [intr.] “to have”. 2. *j-axⁱ-ná-j-z* (it(C1)-where-Prev(there)-go-Past.Ind.N.F) “(the valley) that it reached”: masd. *a-ná-j-ra* [intr.] “to go there”. 3. *dš-k^w-na-c’ⁱa-jt’ < dš-ø-k^w-na-c’ⁱa-jt’* (him(C1)-[it(=the tree, C2)]-Prev(on)-it(=the bull, C3)-put-(Aor)-Fin) “the bull put him on the tree”: masd. *á-k^w-c’ⁱa-ra* [tr.] “to put on”.
- (98) 1. *w-lš-m-baa-n* (you-Prev-Neg-descend-IMP) “Don’t climb down!”: masd. *á-l-baa-ra* [intr.] “to descend, to climb down”. 2. *[jə]-w-a-sə-m-h^wá-zə-j* ([it(C1)]-you(C2)-to-I(C3)-Neg-say-Past.Ind.N.F-Qu) “Didn’t I say it to you?”: masd. *a-h^wa-rá* [tr.] “to say”. 3. *w-zš-l-baa-zə-j* (you(C1)-why-Prev-descend-Past.Ind.N.F-Qu) “Why did you climb down?”. 4. *wə-x^wna-nš* (you(C1)-climb-Abs): masd. *a-x^wna-rá* [intr.] “to climb down”. 5. *wš-k^w-t’^wa* (you-Prev(on)-sit down.IMP) “Sit down!”: masd. *á-k^w-t’^wa-ra* [intr.] “to sit down on”. 6. *s-m-aá-k’^wa* (I(C1)-Neg-come here-Abs) “until I come back”: masd. *aa-rá* [intr.] “to come here”. 7. *[j]-j-á-na-h^wa-jt’* ([it(C1)]-him(C2)-to-it(=the bull, C3)-say-(Aor)-Fin) “the bull said it to him”.
- (99) 1. *[jə]-bžš-m-s-xⁱa-zə-j* ([it(C1)]-Prev-Neg-be broken-Pluperf.N.F-Qu) “Hadn’t it been broken?”: masd. *a-bžš-s-ra* [intr.] “to be broken; to go bad”. 2. *j-axš-j^w-tə-c’ə-z* (it(=the bull, C1)-where-Par-Prev-go out-Past.Ind.N.F) “where the bull went out”: masd. *a-tš-c’-ra* [intr.] “to go out”. 3. *[j]-ta-*

- xá-jt'* ([it(C1)]-Prev-die-(Aor)-Fin) “it died”: masd. *a-ta-xa-rá* [intr.] “to perish”. 4. *jə-š-ná-j-wa-z* (it(C2)-how-Prev(=here)-come-Dyn-Impf.N.F) lit. “how it was coming here”, i.e. “when the bull was coming to (a stream)”. 5. *a-blaxác' g'əž'š-n* “it felt dizzy and”: masd. *a-blaxác'-g'əž'š-ra* [intr.] “to feel dizzy”, cf. *sə-blaxác' g'əž'š-wá-jt'* “I feel dizzy”. 6. *j-θ-tá-ha-n* (it(=the bull, C1)-[it(=the stream, C2)]-Prev(in)-fall-Past.Ind) “the bull fell into the stream”: *á-ta-ha-ra* [intr.] “to fall in”. 7. *jə-z-tš-m-c'-za-jt'* (it(C1)-Pot-Prev(out of)-Neg-go-Emph-(Aor)-Fin) “it was unable to go out (of the stream)”: masd. *a-tš-c'-ra* [intr.] “to go out”.
- (100) 1. *d-ax'š-θ-k-w-t'wa-z* (he(C1)-where-[it (=the tree, C2)]-Prev(on)-sit-Stat.Past.N.F) “when he was sitting on the tree”: masd. *á-k-w-t'wa-zaa-ra* [intr.] “to sit on”. 2. *d-a-k'š-jt'* (him(C1)-it(=hunger, C3)-catch-(Aor)-Fin) lit. “it caught him”: masd. *a-k'-rá* [tr.] “to catch”. 3. *də-pšš-jt'* (he(C1)-wait-(Aor)-Fin) “he waited”: masd. *a-pšš-rá* [intr.] “to wait”. 4. *j-ba-wá-m < [jə]-j-ba-wá-m* ([it(C1)]-he(C3)-see-Dyn-Neg) “he won't see it”. 5. *eg'í-aá-j-wa-m* “nothing will come here”. 6. *[j]-ax'í-a-rxá-z* ([it(=the head, C1)]-where-it(=the bull, C3)-turn-Past.Ind.N.F) lit. “where the bull turned its head”, i.e. “(he doesn't know) where the bull went away to”: masd. *a-rxa-rá* [tr.] “to turn, to aim”. 7. *θ-jə-z-dšr-za-wa-m < [j]-jə-z-dšr-za-wa-m* ([it(C1)]-him(C2)-Pot-know-Emph-Dyn-Neg) “he doesn't know it”: masd. *a-dšr-ra* [tr.] “to know”.
- (101) 1. *a-jə-rh^wa-wa < [j]-a-jə-rh^wa-wa* ([it(=the flute, C1)]-Dummy-he(C3)-play-Abs) “he (began to) play the flute”: masd. *a-rh^wa-rá* [tr.] “to play”. 2. *j-abá-q'a-w* (it(C1)-where-be-Stat.Pres.N.F) “Where is it?”: masd. *á-q'a-zaa-ra* [intr.] “to be”.
- (102) 1. *wə-z-aazá-z* (you(C1)-Rel(C3)-bring up-Past.Ind.N.F) “the one who brought you up”: masd. *áazá-ra* [tr.] “to bring up”. 2. *jə-psš-jt'* (it(C1)-die-(Aor)-Fin) “it died”: masd. *a-psš-rá* [intr.] “to die”.
- (103) 1. *a-č'-a-wp'* “X is at a certain place”, cf. *á-kalak' a-č'š* “in the town”.
- (104) 1. *j-q'á-j-c'a-g^wšš'a-wa-jəz* (Rel(C1)-Prev-he(C3)-do-Suffix-Dyn-What) “What could the poor boy do?”: masd. *á-q'a-č'a-ra* [tr.] “to do”. -*g^wšš'a* is used to express nuances of misfortune, regret, etc. 2. *jš-ma-z < j-jš-ma-z* (Rel(C1)-he(C2)-have-Stat.Past.N.F) “(the one) which he had”. 3. *[a]-ák^wə-n* ([it(=his bull, C2)]-be-Stat.Past.Fin) “X was only a bull.” 4. *d-zə-k^w-g^wšy-wa* (he(C1)-Rel(C2)-Prev-rely on-Dyn.N.F) “the one upon which he relies”: masd. *a-k^w-g^wšy-ra* [intr.] “to rely upon”. 5. *h^wa ak'ag'š jš-ma-za-mə-zt'* “he had nothing to (rely upon).”
- (105) 1. *j-an-j-á-na-h^wa* (it(C1)-when-him(C2)-to-it(=the raven, C3)-say.Aor.N.F) “when the raven told him that ...”. 2. *d-lá-l-baa-n* (he(C1)-Par-Prev-descend-Past.Ind) “he climbed down (from the tree) quickly”: masd. *á-l-baa-ra* [intr.] “to descend”. 3. *j-č'š-na-j-xa-n* (his(Poss)-SV-Prev-he(C3)-set out-Past.Ind) “he set out”: masd. *a-č'š-na-xa-ra* [intr.] “to set out”. 4. *[j]-jə-pššáá-jt'* ([it(=the place where his bull died, C1)]-he(C3)-find-(Aor)-Fin) “he found it”: masd. *á-pššaa-ra* [tr.] “to find”.
- (106) 1. *j-xš ax'š-j-ga-wa-z anə-j-má-w* “when he does not know where to put himself”. 2. *[j]-aa-jə-rq'á-n* ([it(=the belly, C1)]-Par-he(C3)-cut-Past.Ind) “he cut it and ...”: masd. *a-rq'á-ra* [tr.] “to cut”. 3. *də-l-θ-tá-la-n* (he(C1)-Par-[it(=the belly, C2)]-Prev(into)-go-Past.Ind) “he went into the bull's belly”: masd. *a-tá-la-ra* [intr.] “to go into”. 4. *də-l-[θ]-ta-psš* (he(C1)-Par-[it(=the belly, C2)]-Prev(in)-die.Abs.Past) “he died in the bull's belly”: masd. *a-ta-psš-rá* [intr.] “to die inside”.
- (107) 1. *d-šš-l-aaza-z* (him(C1)-how-she(C3)-bring up-Past.Ind.N.F) “how she brought him up”.

Abbreviations

Abs = absolute

Aor = aorist

ARD = Kaslandzija, V. A. 2005. *Abxazsko-russkij slovar'*.

C1 = the first column

C2 = the second column

C3 = the third column

Caus = causative

Cond = conditional

Dyn = dynamic

Emph = emphasis

Fin = finite

Hum = human

IMP = imperative

Impf = imperfect

Ind = indefinite

intr. = intransitive

M = masculine

masd. = masdar

Neg = negative

N.F = non-finite

Par = prefixal particle

Past.Ind = past indefinite

perf = perfect

Pl = plural

Pluperf = pluperfect

Poss = possessive

Pot = potential

Pres = present

Prev = preverb

Purp = purpose

Qu = question

Rel = relative prefix

Self = reflexive

SP = speech-particle

Stat = stative

SV = subjective version

tr. = transitive

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Errata to *Abkhaz Text (3)*

These corrigenda are based upon the corrections and invaluable comments on *Abkhaz Text (3)* kindly provided by B. George Hewitt.

Pg. #	Original	Corrected
162. (14)	[ø]-á-wp'	[a]-á-wp'
163. (16)	"Come over here, bring me that bent twig,"	"Go and fetch a bent twig,"
163. (18)	j-a-z-c'áa-jt'	j-á-z-c'aa-jt'
164. (20)	It has been a long time since she said ...	It's a long time that she's been saying ...
164. (21)	d-a[a]-a-q' ^w á-m-c'-za-k' ^w a	d-a[a]-a-q' ^w ə-m-c'-zǎ-k' ^w a
165. (23)	[ø]-á-wp'	[a]-á-wp'
165. (23)	I will lift you up from them.	I'll take you away from them.
168. (34)	"Will this evil pig really be able to catch up with us?"	"Don't you see that this old pig is gaining on us?"
169. (39)	"The pig tried desperately to pull ..."	"The pig tried to push ..."

